

Supported by Grant 075-11-2018-176 UIN: RFMEFI58818X0009 Ministry of Science and Higher Education of Russia

Present directions for 2G HTS wire development at SuperOx

2 September 2019

SUPERCONDUCTOR TO THE FUTURE

EUCAS-2019, Glasgow UK

Credits



SuperOx

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Outline

SuperOx

- The SuperOx group
- Applications driving wire development
- Wire for LN2, self-field
- Wire for in-field applications

The SuperOx group

SuperOx

SuperOx (Moscow, Russia)



- HTS Applications development and commercialisation
 - \circ FCL
 - \circ AC/DC cables
 - \circ Coils

S Innovations

SUPERDX JAPAN

S-Innovations (Moscow, Russia) and SuperOx Japan (Tokyo, Japan)

- 2G HTS wire production and development
 - Supply wire to SuperOx projects
 - $\circ~$ Supply wire to outside customers

HTS applications: 220kV / 450 MW FCL for Moscow city grid

SuperOx

- First FCL in Russian Power Grid
- 220 kV-class
- In operation 2019
- SuperOx manages entire project

2. Engineering and production







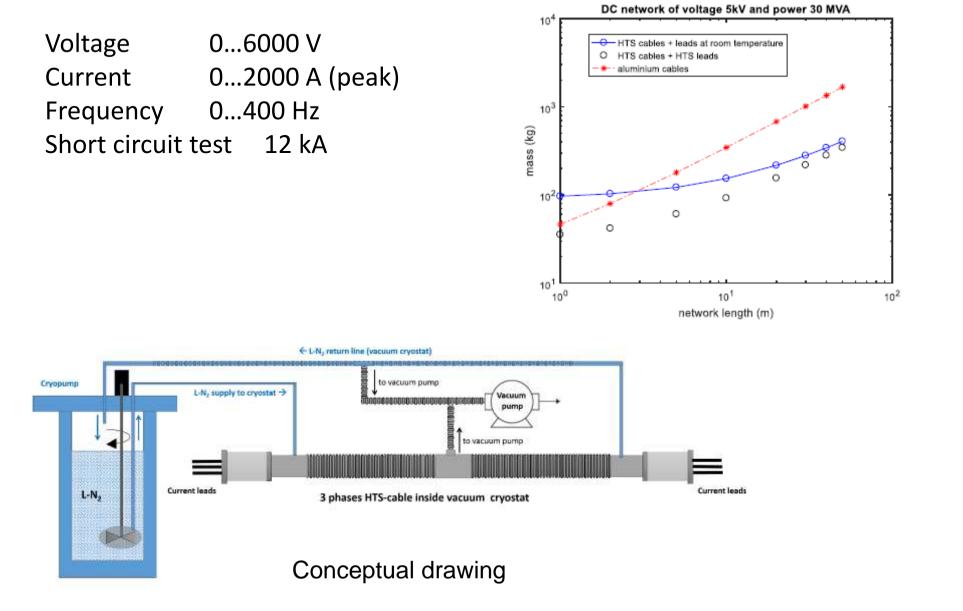
220kV / 450 MW FCL: pilot operation in grid since June 2019





HTS applications: 12 MW HTS AC cable system for Airbus

SuperOx



An Evaluation of Superconducting Power Cables for Airborne Application 2018 AIAA/IEEE Electric Aircraft Technologies Symposium (EATS), <u>https://doi.org/10.2514/6.2018-5029</u> Assembled cable system. Successful acceptance tests in May 2018.

HTS applications: HTS motor for aircraft. Horizon 2020 consortium.







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Advanced Superconducting Motor Experimental Demonstrator



Source: Airbus Group Innovations

2-LO-EA-02S T. Reis (Oswald)







OSWALD **Rolls-Royce**







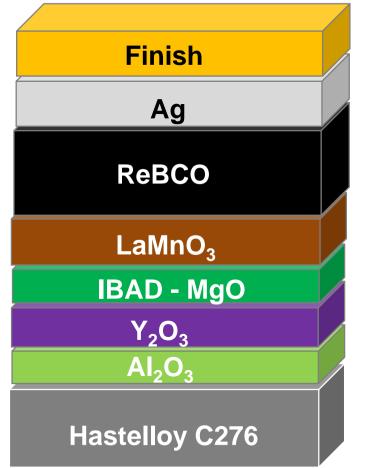
hochschule aschaffenburg university of applied sciences.

Wire development directions



- General
 - Cost (throughput and yield)
 - Achieved by running at capacity, adding capacity to reflect demand, and by improving and automating process control
 - o Strength
 - ✓ Achieved by implementing laser slitting instead of mechanical slitting
- Application specific
 - \circ Wire for LN2: high I_c at 77 K, s.f., good I_c uniformity
 - ✓ Achieved by continuous improvements with experience
 - \circ Wire for in-field applications: high I_c in field, high J_e
 - ✓ Achieved by thinner substrate, thicker HTS, and by modified HTS layer

SuperOx 2G HTS wire architecture



Customised finish tailored to application Sputtering (custom thickness)

PLD (1-3 microns)

Sputtering (30-50 nm)

e-beam IBAD (5-7 nm) + epi (50-150 nm)

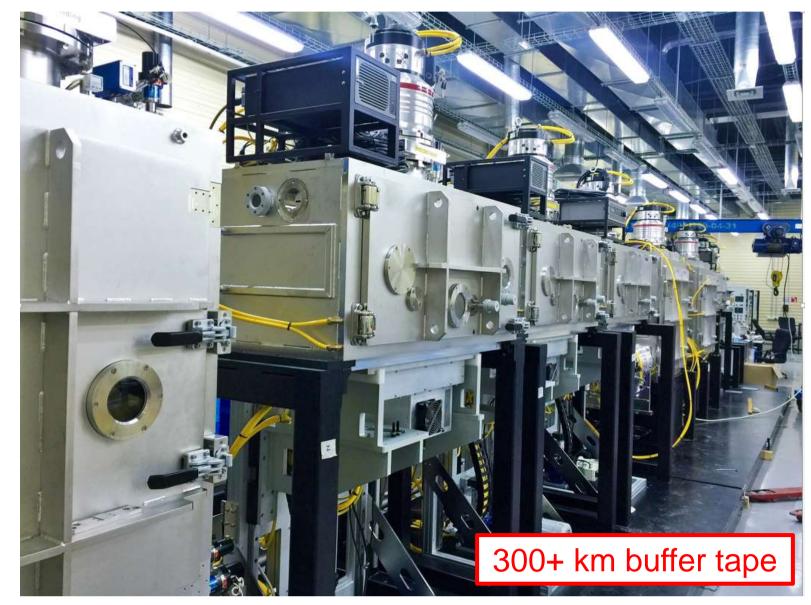
Sputtering (5-10 nm)

Sputtering (30-50 nm)

Cold rolled & electro polished (40 or 60 or 100 microns)

SuperOx

Throughput: Buffer layer deposition line





e-Polished Hastelloy substrate in Ready buffered tape with LaMnO₃ on top out

Extra capacity: Textured template offered for sale

Throughput: Moscow PLD-HTS line



SuperOx S Innovations

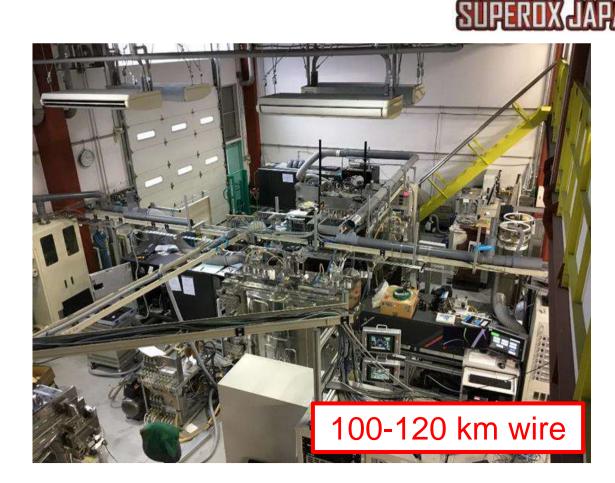
Operate at **full capacity**

3-5x capacity increase scenarios in place, awaiting order commitments

Throughput: 2019 capacity increase at SuperOx Japan

SuperOx





- New, more powerful laser successfully commissioned at SuperOx Japan in July
- + 100% PLD throughput

Wire made at S-Innovations in Moscow and SuperOx Japan is of identical high quality

Wire development directions



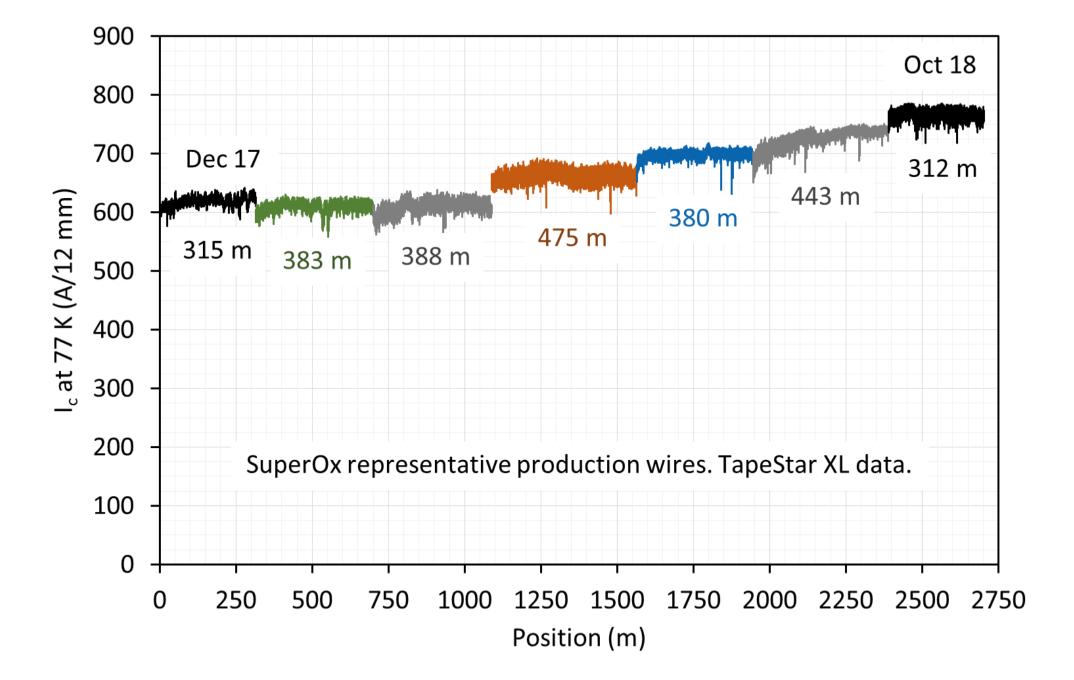
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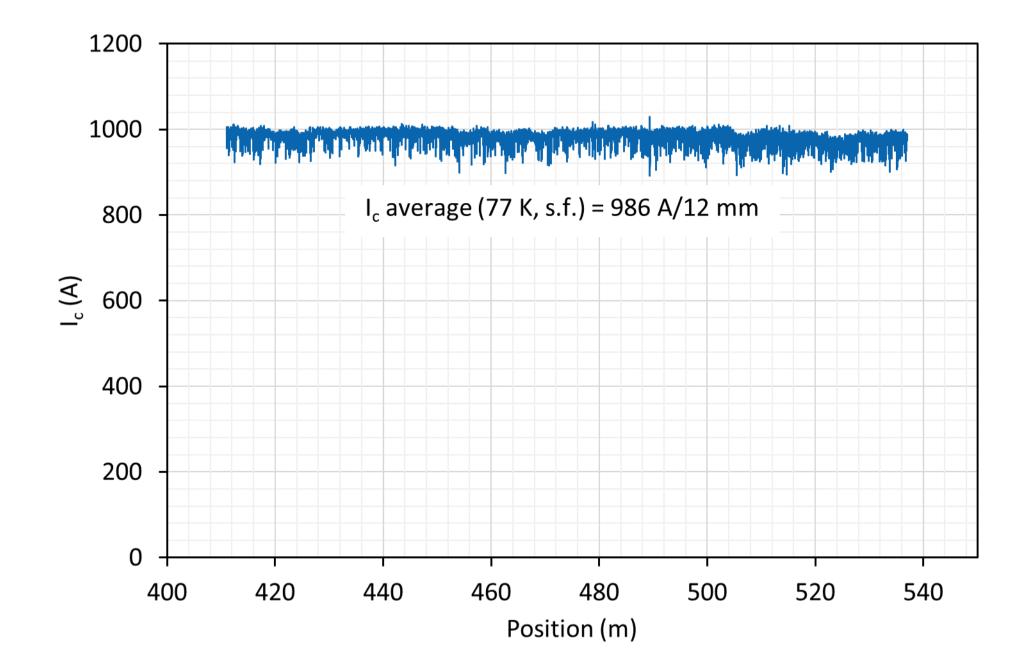
Wire for LN2: steady performance increase over time

SuperOx



Wire for LN2: high I_c at 77 K, s.f.





Wire for LN2: specifications

Su	oer	Ox

Parameter	Value		
Substrate thickness	40 or 60 or 100 µm		
Tensile strength (95% I _c retention)	> 500 MPa / 0.4% deformation		
Critical bend diameter	15 mm		
Wire width	4 mm	6 mm	12 mm
Average critical current @ 77 K, s.f.	100-200 A	150-300 A	300-700 A
Critical current uniformity	I _c standard deviation ≤ 3%		

Customisation:	+ Variable silver thickness
	+ Variable copper thickness
	+ Insulation: 10-20 μ m thin polyimide varnish
	+ Solder plating
	+ Lamination
	+ Low resistance splices
	+ just ask

Wire development directions

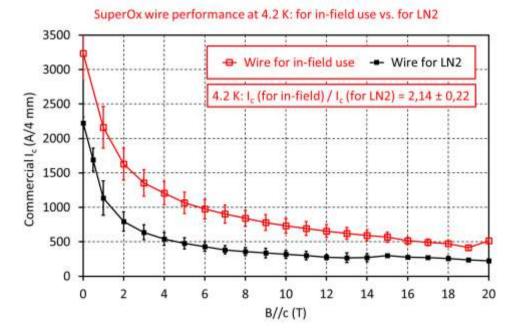


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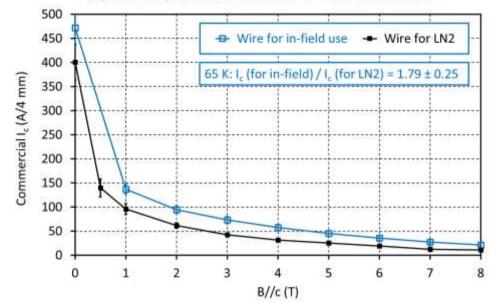
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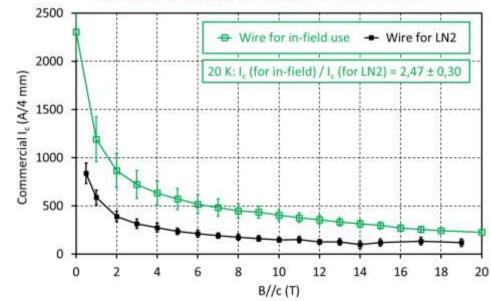
New: SuperOx Wire for in-field use



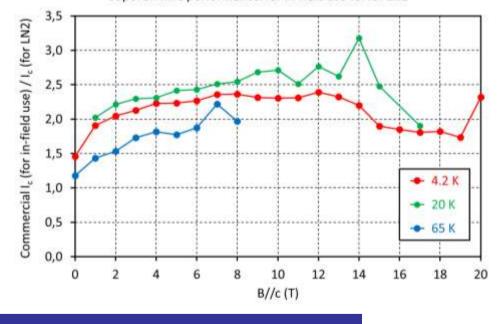




SuperOx wire performance at 20 K: for in-field use vs. for LN2



SuperOx wire performance: for in-field use vs. for LN2



SuperOx









2-MO-CP-06S A. Markelov

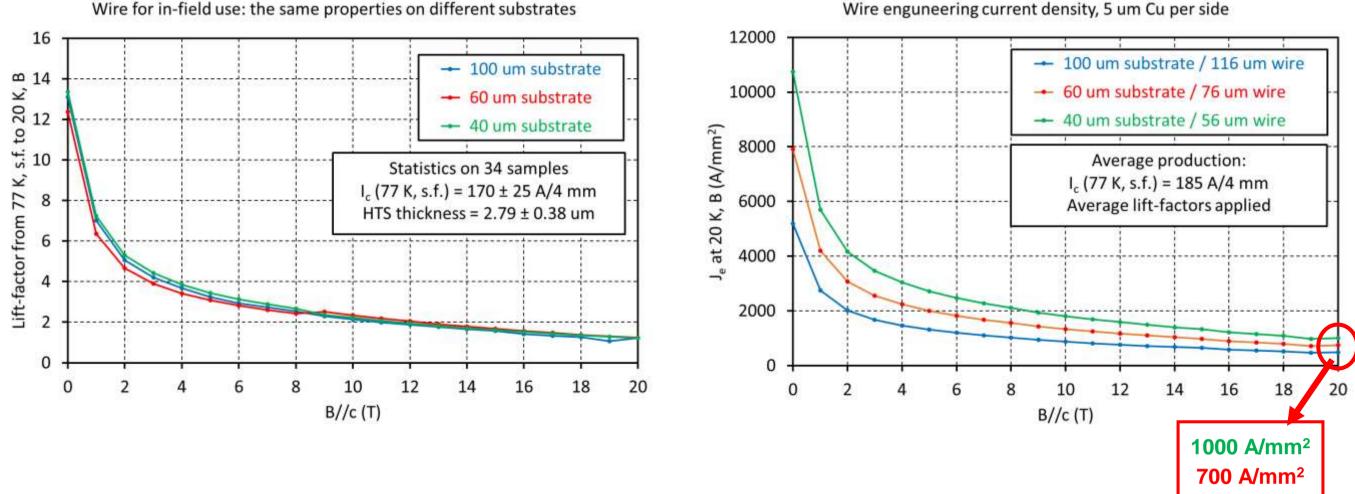
1-MP-FP2-S15 V. Petrykin

80-150% improvement at 4.2-65 K. Manuscript in preparation.

Wire for in-field use: increase J_e by thin substrate, thick HTS



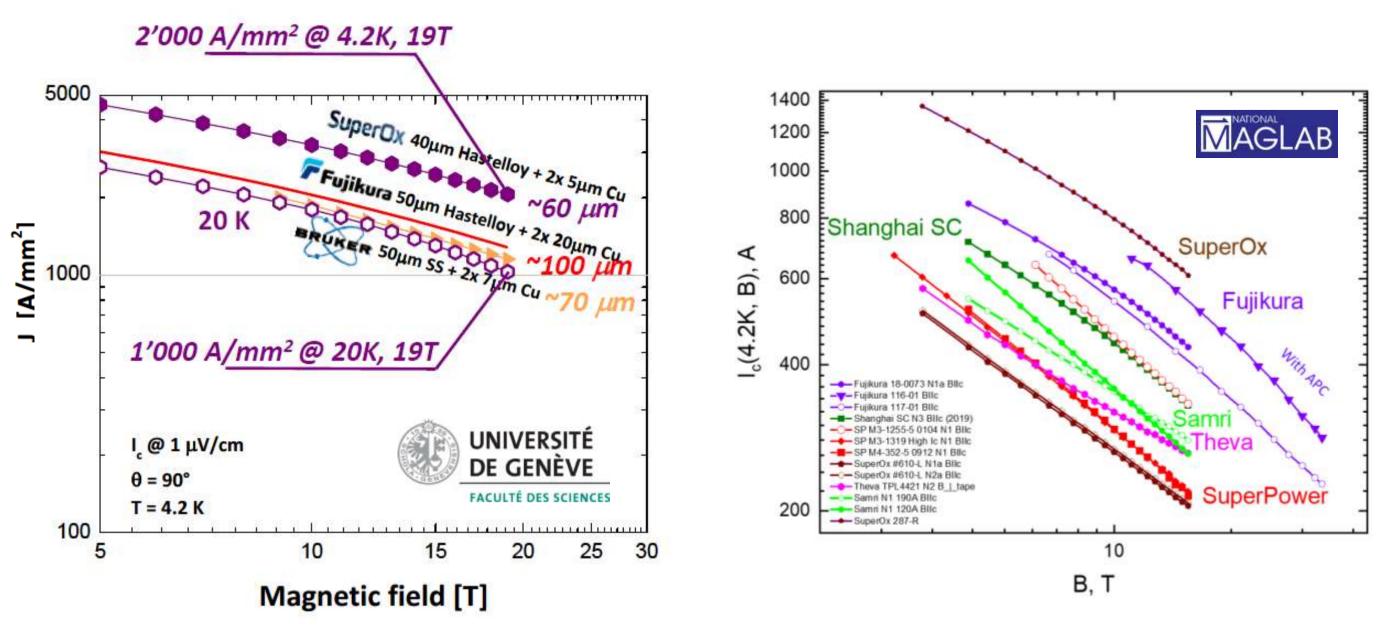
500 A/mm²



Wire for in-field use: the same properties on different substrates

Wire enguneering current density, 5 um Cu per side





C. Senatore, June 2019, FCC Week

D. Abraimov, July 2019, ICMC

Summary

SuperOx

- The SuperOx group:
 - $\circ~$ Commercialise HTS applications
 - $\circ~$ Produce HTS wire for own use
 - $\circ~$ Sell HTS wire to others
- Applications driving wire development:
 - FCL, Cables, Coils
- Wire for LN2, self-field: Available from stock
 - $_{\odot}~$ Steady improvement beyond 800 A/12 mm at 77 K
- Wire for in-field applications: Available from production
 - $_{\odot}~$ 80-150% I_{c} improvement in the 4.2-65 K range
 - $\,\circ\,$ Record commercial J_e: 1000+ A/mm^2 at 20 K, 20 T; 2000+ A/mm^2 at 4.2 K, 20 T



Thank you for your attention

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